## MATH 142A - INTRODUCTION TO ANALYSIS PRACTICE MIDTERM 1

WINTER 2022

Name (Last, First):

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**1.** Prove that for any  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ 

(1) 
$$(2n)! < 2^{2n} (n!)^2.$$

2. Prove that the set

(2) 
$$S := \left\{ \frac{n}{n+3} (2 + (-1)^n) : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$

is bounded. Determine  $\sup S$  and  $\inf S$  (provide the proof).

3. By checking the definition of a convergent sequence, compute the limit of the sequence  $(a_n)_{n=1}^\infty$  with

(3) 
$$a_n = \sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}.$$

4. Determine

(4) 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{1}{2n} - \frac{2}{2n} + \frac{3}{2n} - \dots + \frac{2n-1}{2n} - \frac{2n}{2n} \right)$$

**5.** Prove that the sequence  $(b_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  with

(5) 
$$b_n = 1 + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 2} + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 2^2} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 2^3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n \cdot 2^{n-1}}$$

is convergent.