26th Conference

on

STOCHASTIC PROCESSES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS

14-18, June 1999

Beijing, P.R. China

The 26th Conference on Stochastic Processes and their Applications will take place in Friendship Hotel, Beijing, China, from 14 to 18 June 1999. It is organized by the Institute of Applied Mathematics, the Chinese Academy of Sciences. It will be held under the auspices of the National Science Foudation of China, the Chinese Academy of Sciences, the Mathematical Center of State Education Commission, the Chinese Mathematical Society, the Committee for Conferences on Stochastic Processes and the Bernoulli Society for Mathematical Statistics and Probabity.

Invited Speaker

The programme consists of addresses by invited speakers and contributed talks by participants on various topics of stochastic processes and their applications. Among the list of the invited speakers are the following:

L.H.Y. Chen (Singapore)	D.M. Chung (Seoul)	J. Dai (Atlanta)
P.A. Ferrari (St. Paul)	M. Fukushima (Osaka)	T. Kurtz (Madison)
Y.G. Lu (Bari)	T.S. Mountfort (Los Angeles)	B. Øksendal (Oslo)
S.G. Peng (Jinan)	M.P. Qian (Beijing)	M. Röeckner (Bielefeld)
S.J. Sheu (Taipei)	A.N. Shiryaev (Moscow)	

Programme Committee

L. Accardi	M.F. Chen	T.S. Chiang
D. Dowson	A. Etheridge	H. Föellmer
T. Hida	Z.M. Ma (Chairman)	M. Maejima
R. Minlos	R. Williams	J.A. Yan

Local Organizing Committee

P.D. Chen	L. Cheng(Secretary)	X.Y. Hu(Secretary)
Z.M. Ma	J.A. Yan(Chairman)	

About Beijing

Beijing, the political and cultural center of China, is one of the most beautiful and cosmopolitan cities in the World. A kaleidoscopic, modern capital with an ancient history, Beijing is celebrated for its attractive natural surroundings, its history sites and cultural monuments. With its numerous research institutes, universities and colleges, Beijing is the scientific center of China.

Abstract Submission Instruction
Authors wishing to contribute papers are required to submit an abstract to:

the SPA26 Secretariat
c/o Prof. X.Y. Hu
Institute of Applied Mathematics
the Chinese Academy of Sciences
P.O.Box 2734, Beijing, 100080 China
FAX: 8610-62541689
Email: *spa26@amath7.amt.ac.cn*

The abstracts should be in English, each submission should contain all the following:
1. Paper title.
2. Abstract (Latex, maximum one page).
3. Author's name and full mailing address.

The deadline for the submission of the abstracts is March 1, 1999.

Registration
Conference registration will take place in the lobby of the No.3 Building, the Friendship Hotel from 9:30 am to 8:00 pm on June 13, 1999.
For early planning purposes, all delegates who wish to paticipate in the conference are required to fill out the REGISTRATION FORM included in this announcement and return it to the Conference Secretariat no later than **March 25, 1999.** Please return to:

Mr. Lin Cheng
the SPA26 Secretariat
Institute of Applied Mathematics
the Chinese Academy of Sciences
P.O.Box 2734, Beijing, 100080 China
FAX: 8610-62541689
Email: *spa26@amath7.amt.ac.cn*

Registration Fees

	Until March 25, 1999	After March 25, 1999
Current or Joining member of the Bernouli Society	US$160	US$180
Non-member	US$ 200	US$220
Student	US$60	US$80
Accompanying Person	US$40	US$60

Full payment of the above registration fee entitles:

A. Members of the Bernouli Society and Non-members to:
1. Attendance at the conference
2. Abstracts book
3. Attendance at the Welcome Reception
4. Attendance at the Banquet
5. Attendance at a tour(half of the day)

B. Student participants to the same as above participants.

A student participant is defined as one who is a full-time registered student at a university or similar educational institution. Those who wish to take advantage of the student participant fee must have their Registration Form signed by their supervisors or head of the department of their university or institution.

C. Accompanying persons to:
1. Attendance at the Welcome Reception
2. Attendance at the Banquet
3. Attendance at one-half day's tour

Conference Venue and Hotel

The conference venue and accommodation will be arranged at the Beijing Friendship Hotel, one of the largest garden-style four-star hotels in Asia with a style of classic elegance. Situated in the northwest of Beijing city and half an hour from Beijing International Airport by taxi, it consists of five buildings, twenty-six restaurants with different styleof cuisine serving authentic Chinese and Western foods, a golf driving range, a swimming pool with diving platforms, a billiards room, tennis courts, a health Center Sauna, bars and ballrooms. It has 1,900 rooms of various categories, all of which own private facilities. The Hotel has various multifunctional halls and meeting rooms(over sixteen parallel session rooms) with sophisticated facilities. It is an ideal place for conferences.

Address: No.3 Baishiqiao Road, Beijing 100873, China. Tel: 86-10-68498888, Fax: 86-10-68498866

Summary of Accommodation Costs:

Category	Discount rate	Reserved rooms
Deluxe Twin	US$100	10
Superior Twin	US$72	120
Standard Twin	US$52	30

Notes:

1. The rates quoted above are special discount rates only for the Conference. They include 10% service changes, US$1.5 city construction fees per day and an US$8 Western breakfast. Extras such as IDD and DDD calls, lunch, supper, laundry, minibars, etc. are not included.
2. A standard room contains two single beds. The Secretariat will not be responsible for room sharing arrangements. The standard suite will be reserved only for scholars and students because the number of those rooms are very limited.
3. The Secretariat will make reservations according to the check-in and check-out dates indicated on the Registration Form.

Working Language

The working language of the conference is English.

Working Lunches

In order to provide more opportunities for participants to communicate with each other, working lunches will be arranged during June 14-18, at a cost of US$8, not including drinks. Lunch token will be sold when you register on the spot at the registration desk.(Lunches are not included in the registration fee)

Social Program

In order for you and your accompanying persons to enjoy yourselves during your stay in Beijing, a Social Program of visits to interesting historic sites in Beijing can be organized by the local organizing committee. The following is the list of sightseeing lines for the five days during the conference.

Line 1	US$20	Temple of Heaven and Tian An Men Square (half day)
Line 2	US$18	Palace Museum (half day)
Line 3	US$35	Summer Palace, Fragrant Hill and Temple of Reclining Buddha (whole day)
Line 4	US$25	Coal Hill Park, Beihai Park and Lama Temple (whole day)
Line 5	US$30	Chinese Ethnic Culture Park and Shopping Tour (whole day)
Line 6	US$42	the Great Wall and Ming Tombs (whole day)

An introduction to these places is given in Appendix I.

Pre-and Post- Conference Tours

In order that Conference participants may enjoy many historic sites, scenic areas and recent developments in other cities in China, Pre-and Post-Conference tours will be specially arranged by China Goodwill Travel Service. First-class service will be provided. Optional tour sites are as follows:

- Pre-Tour 1 (Shanghai-Xi'an-Beijing, June 9-13, 1999)
- Pre-Tour 2 (Guangzhou-Guilin-Xi'an-Beijing, June 8-13, 1999)
- Post-Tour 1 (Beijing-Nanjing-Wuxi-Suzhou-Shanghai, June 19-25, 1999)
- Post-Tour 2 (Beijing-Xi'an-Guilin-Guangzhou, June 19-24, 1999)
- Post-Tour 3 (Beijing-Xi'an-Dunhuang-Turpan-Urumqi-Beijing, June 19-29, 1999)

The prices per person for each tour are as follows:

Pre-Tour1	US$699 (D)	US$766 (S)
Pre-Tour2	US$849 (D)	US$938 (S)
Post-Tour1	US$683 (D)	US$809 (S)
Post-Tour2	US$913 (D)	US$991 (S)
Post-Tour3	US$1766 (D)	US$2011 (S)

* (D) and (S) indicate respectively DOUBLE OCCUPANCY and SINGLE OCCUPANCY for hotel accommodation, respectively. See the detail in Appendix II.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

- Visas

  An official invitation letter will be issued to those who will return the final registration form. With the letter, one can go to the nearest Chinese Embassy or Consulate to apply for entry visa(s).

- Weather

  Beijing has a continental climate with clearly defined seasons. Weather in Beijing during the Conference will be somewhat hot. The average temperature in June is about 15°C to 20°C at night and 30°C during the daytime. There may be occasional showers.

- Arrival

For the convenience of the participants, special arrangements will be made to meet participants at Beijing International Airport on 12 and 13 and take them to the Beijing Friendship hotel. Representatives holding a sign inscribed "SPA'26" will be present at the Exit of the Airport from 7:00 to 23:00. The transportation fee from the airport to the hotel is US$10 per person, payable on the bus. Taxis are always available at the Airport. Taxi fares to the hotels will be about RMB 120 (or about US$15).

- Payment

1) All payment must be in US dollars. A four percent service fee will be charged if the participants pay by credit card on site.

2) Make sure to indicate the name of the conference "SPA26" and your full name on the money transfer.

3) All payment such as fees for registration, pre-and post-tours, and social program, should be transfered to the following account:

Mr.CHENG Lin
Secretary of SPA'26
Account No. 4080001-2014-005300-1
Beiing Haidian Sub-Branch
Bank of China
Beijing 100080, China

If you pay through bank transfer, please send a copy of the remittance invoice or receipt to Mr. CHENG Lin at the following address.

Also all payment should be made by a cheque or money order made out in **US dollars** and payable to **Mr. CHENG Lin, Institute of Applied Mathematics.** and Please mail the cheque or the money order to:

Mr. CHENG Lin
the SPA26 Secretariat
Institute of Applied Mathematics
the Chinese Academy of Sciences
P.O.Box 2734
Beijing 100080, P.R.China
FAX: 8610-6254-1689
E-mail: *lcheng@amath2.amt.ac.cn*

- Refund Policy and Cancellation Charge

Cancellation received by the Secretariat

	Before 25/5/1999	After 25/5/1999
Registration Fee	%60 refund	No refund
Pre-and Post-Conference Tour	%60 refund	No refund

2 Appendix I

- *Temple of Heaven*

Covering an area of 273 hectares, the Temple is a masterpiece of 15th-century architecture, built in 1420 according to the most advanced principles of mechanics and geometry available at the time. It consists mainly of the Hall of Prayer for Good Harvests, the Imperial Vault of Heaven, and the Circular Mound Altar of Heaven. It was the place where emperors of the Ming and Qing dynasties worshipped heaven and prayed for good harvests twice a year, on the 15th day of the first lunar month and at the winter solstice.

- *The Palace Museum*

Commonly known as the Forbidden City, the Palace Museum is the largest piece of ancient Chinese architecture still standing. It covers an area of 72 hectares, 960 meters long from north to south and 750 meters wide from east to west, and is encircled by a 10-meter high wall and a 52-meter wide moat. This large-scale construction, one of the great achievements of human history, took 14 years and was finished in 1420. The entire complex includes six main palaces, as well as many smaller buildings, together containing 9,999 rooms. It is a vast treasure house of precious art objects and rich architecture. Twenty-four emperors of the Ming and Qing dynasties ruled from the Forbidden City.

- *Summer Palace*

The Summer Palace (Yi He Yuan), so named because it served as the summer residence of the imperial households, consists of the Longevity Hill (59 meters high) and Kunming Lake with a total area of 290 hectares. It has a history of over 800 years. In 1153, the Jin Dynasty built an imperial palace on the present site of the Summer Palace. In 1750, Emperor Qianlong spent 4.8 million tales of silver in building the Garden of Clear Ripples and changed the name to Longevity Hill to celebrate his mother's birthday and the lake to Kunming for he wanted to follow the example of Emperor Wudi of Han Dynasty who had trained his navy centuries before in Kunming pool in Chang'an (near Xi'an).

- *Fragrant Hills Park*

  The Fragrant Hills Park, about 30 kilometers northwest of Beijing, is one of the most popular places on the city's outskirts. It covers an area of 160 hectares. In 1186, in the Jin Dynasty, the Fragrant Hills Temple was built and terraces, pavilions and pagodas were added. The area was later converted into a park and was named the Park of Tranquillity and Peasure before it got its present name.

- *Temple of the Reclining Buddha*

  Situated at the foot of the Western Hills about 30 kilometers west of Beijing, the Temple of the Reclining Buddha was built in the 7th century at a cost of 5 million tales of silver. When it was renovated and expanded in the Yuan Dynasty, a huge statue of recumbent Buddha (5.2 m in length) was cast. It was renamed the Temple of Eternal Peace during the Ming period. When it was restored under the Qing Dynasty, it was given another name: the Temple of Universal Awakening. It is generally referred to as the Temple of the Reclining Buddha.

- *The Great Wall*

  Stretching for 6,000 Kilometers from the east to the west, the Great Wall is China's ancient gigantic engineering project, one of the eight wonders of the world and the only man-made construction visible from satellites in orbit. Building of the Wall began during the Warring States Period (476-221 BC), when separate sections were built in scattered strategic areas by different kingdoms to protect their territories. Following China's unification under the first Qin emperor, Qin Shi Huangdi (221-206 BC), the walls were linked up and extended. The imposing Badaling section, visited by virtually all tourists to the capital, is 6.6 meters high, 6.5 meters wide, broad enough to accommodate five cavalrymen or 10 infantrymen marching abreast. Standing atop the Great Walls, visitors looking through slots and over parapets can imagine the terrible battles which were fought here hundreds of years ago.

- *Ming Tombs*

  Of the 16 Ming emperors, 13 had their tombs built in the serene valley of Jingdushan Hill, about 50 kilometers from Beijing. Ding Ling (Emperor Wa Li) was buried here in 1620 with two of his wives in a deep marble vault located four stories underground, excavated in 1957. Twenty-six chests of jewelry and other artifacts were discovered at the foot of the huge coffins, and many of these finds can be viewed in the two exhibition halls constructed aboveground.

- *Coal Hill Park*

  Coal Hill Park lies just to the north of the Palace Museum. It was used by the emperors to bring a little of the countryside into the flat plain of Beijing. Sites in the Park include five white pavilions, the Beautiful View Tower and the Pavilion of Everlasting Springs. A breathtaking view of the Imperial Palace and the full expanse of the capital can be gained from the summit.

- *Beihai Park*

  Beihai (North Sea) Park, the loveliest and most popular park in Beijing, covers a total area of 68 hectares, more than half of it taken up by the lake. Early in the 10th century, the Liao Dynasty built a secondary imperial residence here, called Yaoyu or Jade Islet. When the Jin took over, Qionghua (Jade Flowery) Islet was built. More construction and renovation were done during the Yuan and Ming dynasties, including the prominent Tibetan-style White Dagoba in 1651 to commemorate the visit of a Dalai Lama. The layout of the park is based on an ancient Chinese legend.

- *Lama Temple*

  The Lama Temple (Yonghe Palace) is a famous lamasery located in the north-eastern part of the old city. It was a palatial residence built in 1694 by Qing Emperor Kangxi for his fourth son, Prince Yongzheng. This magnificent temple consists of five main buildings lying on the north-south axis, with annex halls on both sides. After Emperor Yongzheng moved to the Forbidden City, it was renamed Yonghe Palace (the Palace of Harmony) and green roof tiles were replaced by yellow ones to suit a monarch's home. The Palace was converted into a lamasery in 1744. In the last hall stands a spectacular 18-meters Maitria Buddha carved from a single sandalwood tree.

- *Chinese Ethnic Culture Park*

  The Chinese Ethnic Culture Park, a newly opened tourist site in Beijing, blends architecture and cultures of Chinese minorities to provide visitors with a unique opportunity to experience the life of the minorities in the metropolitan capital.

3 Appendix II

1. Pre-Tour 1 (Shanghai / Xi'an / Beijing, June 9-13, 1999)

Itinerary:

- 9–Arrive in Shanghai, the biggest economic center in China. Transfer to the hotel and the rest of the day is free.
- 10–Sightseeing in Shanghai: Jade Buddha Temple. Built in 1882, it got its name from the two rare jade statues of Buddha, one seated and one reclining, each carved out of a single piece of white jade. The seated one is 1.9 meters tall, weighing one ton and inlaid with dazzling jewels. Yuyuan Garden. Built in 1559, it occupies only two hectares and yet offers 40 scenic attractions complete with beautiful pavilions, miniature lakes, bridges and rocks. It is the prime tourist spot in Shanghai. Shanghai Museum. This contains 110,000 historical objects and 430,000 reference works. Children's Palace. This is for children's after-school education. Children can choose to participate in any of more than 100 interest groups, ranging from music, dance, painting and calligraphy to airplane and ship modeling, automatic control, radio and computer technology. The Bund, once known as "Wall Street of the East", is a bustling promenade along the Huangpu River. Evening Entertainment: Acrobatic Show
- 11–Fly to Xi'an, the capital of Shaanxi Province and a famous historical and cultural city 3,000 years old.
- 12–Sightseeing in Xi'an: Terra-Cotta Warriors and Horses. These life-sized figures served as a terra-cotta army for the tomb of the first emperor of Qinshihuang (259-210 BC.). Huaqing Hot Springs. Situated at the foot of Mount Lishan, it has been famous since ancient times, where the royal families spent their summer time and took hot spring baths. Banpo Neolithic Museum is built on the ruins of a 6,000-year-old Banpo village. Traces of 100 houses have been found, with remarkably preserved examples of Stone Age pottery, tools, and human and animal bones. Banpo Village was a typical matriarchal clan community in the Yellow River valley. The Big Wild Goose Pagoda, the symbol of the city, was built in 652 in the Tang Dynasty to house the 657 volumes of Buddhist scriptures brought back from India by the monk Xuan Zang. The Ancient City Wall, built during the Tang Dynasty, is the only complete city wall

extant in China. The Provincial Museum is one of the best museums in China, displaying hundreds of thousands of precious exhibits. Evening Entertainment: Tang Dynasty Dinner Show.

- 13–Fly to Beijing and transfer to the Beijing Friendship Hotel where the pre-conference tour will terminate.

2. Pre-Tour 2 (Guangzhou / Guilin / Xi'an / Beijing, 8-13, 1999)

Itinerary:

- 8–Arrive in Guangzhou, China's largest city in the south. Transfer to the hotel. The remainder of the day is free.

- 9–Sightseeing in Guangzhou: Dr. Sun Yat-Sen Memorial Hall was built in 1929 on the site of the presidential house, where Dr. Sun Yat-Sen acted as provisional President, using funds contributed by overseas Chinese and the residents of Guangzhou. Ancestral Temple of the Chen Family. This covers 10,000 square meters with six courtyards and nine luxuriously furnished main halls, typical of southern China architecture. Six Banyan Tree Temple. This was built in 537. Its 17-storied, 57.6-meters high Flower Tower is the tallest old structure in the city. In the evening fly to Guilin, a city nicknamed the "Best Sight Under Heaven" due to its beautiful waters and unusually shaped mountains.

- 10–Sightseeing in Guilin: One Day Cruise on the Lijiang River from Guilin to Yangshuo. Here you can enjoy the charming beauties of the landscape, green mountains, limpid waters, strangely-formed caves and dazzling stalactites and stalagmites. Reed Flute Cave is a huge and fantastic cavern eroded out of Karst Formation. It is lined along its entire 500-meter zigzag length with stalactites and stalagmites in the shapes of moving forms. Elephant Trunk Hill is a rock hill with a hole in it, giving the rock the appearance of an elephant sipping water with its trunk. Diecui Hill has been a tourist attraction for 1000 years. Many scriptures and sculptures have been left behind. Also from the hill, you can get a good bird's-eye view of Guilin city.

- June 11–Fly to Xi'an

- June 12–Sightseeing in Xi'an:=20 Please refer to Xi'an introduction for Pre-Tour 1

- June 13–Fly to Beijing and transfer to the Beijing Friendship Hotel.

3. Post-Tour 2 (Beijing/Nanjing/Wuxi/Suzhou/Shanghai, June 19-25, 1999)

Itinerary:

- June 19–Fly to Nanjing, the capital of Jiangsu Province on the lower= reaches of the Yangtze River.

- June 20–Sightseeing in Nanjing: Dr. Sun Yat-Sen Mausoleum=20is in the form of a freedom bell, with green foliage as backdrop and overlooking the plain. The 392 granite steps lead to the memorial hill and a vault where the remains of Sun Yat-Sen are buried under a marble statue of him in a reclining posture. Zhonghuamen is the best preserved city gate of the Ming Dynasty. The Qinhuai River flows for five kilometers through the southern part of Nanjing city. During the Ming and Qing dynasties, shops, restaurants and brothels flourished along the banks. After recent renovation, the Qinhuai River has regained its former attractiveness and formed the Qinhuai River Scenery.

- June 21–Take train to Wuxi, a land of rice and fish, famous for its beautiful scenery and rich natural product. Sightseeing in Wuxi: Cruise on the Taihu Lake, China's third largest freshwater lake. Jichang Garden, built in the Ming Dynasty, is an excellent example of integrating garden design with landscape environment.

- June 22–Take the train to Suzhou, home of classical Chinese private gardens and known as "The Venice of the East " because of its many in-town channel and water ways. Sightseeing in Suzhou: Zhuo Zheng Yuan (Garden of the Humble Administrator) is the largest classical style garden in Suzhou and one of the four most famous gardens of China. Three-fifth of the garden is water and all its main architecture is built on the banks of ponds and streams. Huqiu (Tiger Hill), a must on any Suzhou itinerary, is 36 meters high and covers an area of 20 hectares. On the hilltop is an octagonal leaning pagoda seven stories high, the symbol of Suzhou. Hanshan (Cold Hill) Temple is famous because of Hanshan, one of two high priests of the Tang Dynasty, used to live and conduct prayer services here.

- June 23–Take train to Shanghai, the biggest economic center in China.

- June 24–Sightseeing in Shanghai: Please refer to Shanghai Introduction for Pre-Tour 1.

- June 25–After breakfast at the hotel, the tour will terminate.

4. Post-Tour 3 (Beijing / Xi'an / Guilin / Guangzhou, June 19-24, 1999)

Itinerary:

- June 19–Fly to Xi'an, the capital of Shaanxi Province and a famous historical and cultural city 3,000 years old.

- June 20–Sightseeing in Xi'an: Please refer to Xi'an Introduction for Pre-Tour 1

- June 21–Fly to Guilin, a city with the nickname" Best Sight under Heaven " due to its beautiful waters and unusually shaped mountains.
- June 22–Sightseeing in Guilin: Please refer to Guilin Introduction for Pre-Tour 2.
- June 23–Fly to Guangzhou, China's largest southern city. Sightseeing in Guangzhou: Please refer to Guangzhou Introduction for Pre-Tour 2
- June 24–Take express train to Hong Kong, where the tour will terminate.

5. Post-Tour 5 (Beijing / Xi'an / Dunhuang / Turpan / Urumqi/ Beijing, June 19-29, 1999)

Itinerary:

- June 19–Fly to Xi'an, the capital of Shaanxi Province and a famous historical and cultural city 3,000 years old. The city marked the start of the Silk Road.
- June 20–Sightseeing in Xi'an: Please refer to Xi'an Introduction for Pre-Tour 1.
- June 21–Fly To Dunhuang, an oasis in the desert and an important town on the Silk Road. Sightseeing in Dunhuang: Mogao Grottoes, commonly called the 'Thousand-Buddha Caves' extend 1,600 meters. Carving was begun in 366 AD. There are 492 caves with some 45,000 square meters of murals, more than 2,000 painted clay figures and five wooden structures. Mogao Grottoes stand as the largest treasure house of grotto art in China. Singing Sand Mountain gets its name because the wind produces a pleasant sound when it blows over the sand. Slipping down the hilltop, you can hear the sand's "singing" sound. Crescent Moonlake is surrounded by the Mingsha Hills, but is never buried by the sand, and is a wonderful sight in the barren desert.
- June 22–Leave Dunhuang by a night train.
- June 23–Arrive in Turpan, a picturesque ancient town. It is the driest place in the world (annual rainfall 16mm) with the highest land temperature ever recorded (70 0C). The lake is the second lowest in the world. Turpan produces the world's sweetest grapes.
- June 23–Sightseeing in Turpan: Ancient City of Gaochang, situated at the foot of the flaming mountains, was founded in the first century BC and abandoned by the end of the 13th century. It consists of three parts: the inner, outer and the palace cities, with an area of two million square meters of rammed earth. Baizeklik Thousand-Buddha Caves was the Buddhist center from the 6th to the 13th centuries. There are 77 caves, of which 40 have murals including stories from "Buddhacari-Takavysutra" and mourning Buddhist monks

and Sakyamuni's disciples from "Nirvana". Astana-Karakhoja Ancient Tombs scattered over a 10 square-kilometer area. Buried there are both officials and common people of the Cheshi, Hun and mainly Han nationalities. Some 1,000-year-old mummified corpses have been unearthed. Grape Valley lies on the west side of the flaming mountains. It is extremely hot in summer in Turpan, especially on the flaming mountains, but it is pleasantly cool and humid in the valley with its crisscross irrigation channels and many leafy trees. The valley abounds in grapes. Evening Entertainment: ethnic singing and dancing performance.

- June 24–Take train to Urumqi, the capital of the Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region and a strategic pass on the Silk Road.
- June 25 / Aug. 27–Sightseeing in Urumqi: Celestial Lake, a beautiful alpine lake surrounded by a ring of mountain peaks, alpine meadows and spruce trees. Mount Tianshan, the largest and highest mountain in Urumqi with beautiful natural scenery. At Nanshan Pasture, you may visit a local family and chat with them. Provincial Museum displays pictures, lifelike models and artifacts of architecture, production tools, costumes, daily necessities and stationery.
- June 28–Fly to Beijing and transfer to the hotel. At leisure.
- June 29–After breakfast at the hotel, the tour will terminate.

Remarks: The following services will be offered:
* Accommodations with American breakfasts at the tourist class hotels.
* Daily lunches and dinners at downtown restaurants in each city except in Lhasa, where all meals are arranged in the hotel.
* Sightseeing in air-conditioned coach with English-speaking guide in each city.
* City-to-city transportation including express train tickets to Hongkong
* Airport construction fees.
* Luggage handling.
* A national English speaking guide provided for a group of more than 10 persons.

SPA26

14 June - 18 June, 1999
Beijing Friendship Hotel, Beijing, China

Registration/Accommodation Form

Please fill in the blanks and return this form before **March 1, 1999** to:

Mr. Lin Cheng
the SPA26 Secretariat
Institute of Applied Mathematics
the Chinese Academy of Sciences
P.O.Box 2734, Beijing 100080, China
FAX: 8610-62541689
Email: *spa26@amath7.amt.ac.cn*

DELEGATE REGISTRATION

Title: Prof.___ Dr.___ Mr.___ Mrs.___ Ms.___
Given Name: ______________________ Family Name: ______________________
Preferred Name for your name badge: ______________________________
Nationality or Region: ____________________ Passport No. ____________________
University/Institution: ______________________________
Mailing Address: ______________________________

City: ______________ Zip/Post Code: ______________ Country: ______________
Tel: ______________ Fax: ______________ E-mail: ____________________
Accompanied by: ______________________ Passport No. ____________________
Special dietary needs: ______________________________

REGISTRATION FEES

	Until March 1, 1999	After March 1, 1999
Current or Joining member of the Bernouli Society	US$160	US$180
Non-member	US$ 200	US$220
Student	US$60	US$80
Accompanying Person	US$40	US$60

Sub-Total A US$ ________

HOTEL ACCOMMODATION

Check-in:________ Check-out: ________ For ________ nights, Number of rooms ________

Deluxe Twin	US$ 100 per room per night	☐
Superior Twin	US$ 72 per room per night	☐
Standard Twin	US$ 52 per room per night	☐

Notes:
1. The standard twin will be reserved only for scholars and students because the number of those rooms are very limited.
2. One night's deposit is required to secure your booking

One night's Deposit Enclosed, Sub-Total B US$ ________

PRE- AND POST-CONFERENCE TOURS

Given Name: ______________________ Family Name: ______________________

Accompanied by(if any): ______________________

	Price	Number of participants	total
Pre-Tour 1	US$699(D)	× ( )	=US$
	US$766(S)	× ( )	=US$
Pre-Tour 2	US$849(D)	× ( )	=US$
	US$938(S)	× ( )	=US$
Post-Tour 1	US$683(D)	× ( )	=US$
	US$809(S)	× ( )	=US$
Post-Tour 2	US$913(D)	× ( )	=US$
	US$991(S)	× ( )	=US$
Post-Tour 3	US$1766(D)	× ( )	=US$
	US$2011(S)	× ( )	=US$

* In the above table, (D) and (S) indicate respectively DOUBLE OCCUPANCY and SINGLE OCCUPANCY for hotel accommodation during the whole tour.

Sub-Total C US$

____

PAYMENT DETAILS

Sub-Total A - Registration Fees	US$ ________
Sub-Total B - Accommodation	US$ ________
Sub-Total C - Pre- and Post-Conference Tour	US$ ________
Total Amount Enclosed	**US$** ________

Please check:

(   ) I have enclosed a cheque for the above fees payable to **CHENG Lin, Institute of Applied Mathematics, CAS.**

(   ) I have remitted the above sum of US$ ____________ on ________________ by bank transfer through __________________________(my bank) to **Mr. CHENG Lin, Secretary of SPA'26, Account No. 4080001-2014-005300-1, Beijing Haidian Sub-Branch, Bank of China, Beijing, China.**

Signature: ______________________________ Date: ______________________________