

## Conditioning on $\mathcal{F}_\tau$

$\mathcal{F}_\tau \subseteq \mathcal{F}_\infty$  is a  $\sigma$ -subfield of  $\mathbb{F}$ , so we know how to make sense of  $\mathbb{E}[X|\mathcal{F}_\tau]$ .

. Averaging property  $\mathbb{E}[XY] = \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X|Y]] \quad \forall Y \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{F}_0)$ .  $\uparrow$   
 $\mathcal{F}_\tau$ -meas.

. Tower property e.g. if  $\sigma \leq \tau$  then  $\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} = \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau} = \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma}$ .

In this discrete time setting, there is a simple expression for  $\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}$ .

**Prop:** Let  $\tau$  be a stopping time, and let  $X \in L^1$  or  $X \geq 0$ . Then

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X] = \sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{E}[X|\mathcal{F}_n] \quad \leftarrow$$

I.e. if  $X_n := \mathbb{E}[X|\mathcal{F}_n] \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{\infty\}$ , then  $\mathbb{E}[X|\mathcal{F}_\tau] = X_\tau$

**Pf.** We saw last time that  $X_\tau$  is  $\mathcal{F}_\tau$ -measurable.

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[\mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}} | X_n |]] &\leq \sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[\mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_n}[|X|]]] \\ &= \sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[\mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}} |X|]] \\ &= \mathbb{E}[|X|] < \infty. \end{aligned}$$

So, if  $X \in L^1$  then  $\sum_{n \leq \infty} E[\mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}} | X_n |] \leq E[|X|] < \infty$ .

$$\therefore E[|X_\tau|] = E\left[\left|\sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}} X_n\right|\right] \leq \leq E[|X|] < \infty.$$

Now, if  $E \in \mathcal{F}_\tau$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} E[X \mathbb{1}_E] &= E[X \mathbb{1}_E \sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}}] \\ &= \sum_{n \leq \infty} E[X \mathbb{1}_{E \cap \{\tau=n\}}] \quad \text{--- } E \in \mathcal{F}_\tau \\ &= \sum_{n \leq \infty} E[X_n \mathbb{1}_{E \cap \{\tau=n\}}] \\ &= \sum_{n \leq \infty} E[\mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}} X_n \mathbb{1}_E] \\ &= E\left[\sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{1}_{\{\tau=n\}} X_n \cdot \mathbb{1}_E\right] \quad \text{--- } \mathbb{1}_E \in \mathcal{F}_\tau \end{aligned}$$

$$E[X | \mathcal{F}_\tau] = X_\tau$$

$$X_n = E[X | \mathcal{F}_n]$$

We also have a handy reformulation of the tower property.

**Prop:** Let  $X \in L^1$  or  $X \geq 0$  be  $\mathcal{F}$ -measurable.

If  $\sigma, \tau$  are any two stopping times, then

$$1. \mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_\tau] = \mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}]$$

$$2. \mathbb{1}_{\tau > \sigma} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_\sigma] = \mathbb{1}_{\tau > \sigma} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}]$$

$$3. \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau} [X] = \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} [X] = \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}]$$

does not require  $\sigma \leq \tau$   
or  $\tau \leq \sigma$ .

$\mathbb{E}_H \mathbb{E}_H \neq \mathbb{E}_{H \cap H}$

(Note:  $\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau} = \mathcal{F}_\sigma \wedge \mathcal{F}_\tau$  [Hw].)

Pf. 1.  $\mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_\tau] = \sum_{n \leq \infty} \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{1}_{\tau = n}}_{=} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_n]$

$= 1 \text{ if } \tau = n \text{ & } \tau \leq \sigma, 0 \text{ otherwise}$

$= \mathbb{1}_{\{\tau \wedge \sigma = n, \tau \leq \sigma\}}$

$= \mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \sum_{n \leq \infty} \mathbb{1}_{\tau \wedge \sigma = n} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_n]$

$= \mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_{\tau \wedge \sigma}]$

2. Very similar to 1.

3. Here, we use the fact that

$\{\tau \leq \sigma\}$  and  $\{\tau > \sigma\}$  are in  $\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau} = \mathcal{F}_\sigma \cap \mathcal{F}_\tau$  [HW]

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X] &= \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} \left[ (\mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} + \mathbb{1}_{\tau > \sigma}) \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X] \right] \\ &= \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} [\mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X]] + \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} [\mathbb{1}_{\tau > \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X]] \\ &= \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}}[X]}_{\in \mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau} \subset \mathcal{F}_\sigma} \text{ by 1.}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} [\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}}[X]]}_{\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \sigma}}[X]} + \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_{\tau > \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\sigma} [\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X]]}_{\mathbb{1}_{\tau > \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \sigma}}[\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_\tau}[X]]} \\ &\quad = \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}}[X]\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \mathbb{1}_{\tau \leq \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}}[X] + \mathbb{1}_{\tau > \sigma} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}}[X] = \mathbb{E}[X | \mathcal{F}_{\sigma \wedge \tau}], \\ &\quad \text{///}\end{aligned}$$