

Stopping Times

Let $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \{\mathcal{F}_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}, \mathbb{P})$ be a filtered probability space.

A random variable $\tau: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{N} \cup \{+\infty\}$ is a (discrete) **stopping time** if

$$\{\tau \leq n\} \in \mathcal{F}_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

Equivalently: iff the process $(\mathbb{1}_{\{\tau \leq n\}})_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ is adapted.

Ex. If $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ is an adapted process in (S, \mathcal{B}) and $B \in \mathcal{B}$, then $T_B = \inf\{n \geq 0 : X_n \in B\}$ is a stopping time.

$$\begin{aligned} \{\tau_B \leq n\} &= \left\{ \bigcup_{k=0}^n \{X_k \in B\} \right\} \in \mathcal{F}_n \\ &= \bigcup_{k=0}^n \{X_k \in B\} \in \mathcal{F}_k \end{aligned}$$

How about the final hitting time $L_B = \sup\{n \geq 0 : X_n \in B\}$?

$$\{\underset{\uparrow}{L_B} \leq n\} = \bigcup_{k \leq n} \{L_B = k\} \in \sigma(X_k, X_{k+1}, \dots)$$

Not a stopping time. $\hookrightarrow \{X_k \in B, X_{k+1} \notin B, X_{k+2} \notin B, \dots\}$

Lemma: TFAE:

1. τ is a stopping time, i.e. $\{\tau \leq n\} \in \mathcal{F}_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$.
2. $\{\tau \geq n+1\} = \{\tau > n\} \in \mathcal{F}_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$.
3. $\{\tau = n\} \in \mathcal{F}_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$.

$$\mathcal{F}_\infty = \sigma\left(\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{N}} \mathcal{F}_k\right)$$

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Moreover, if any one of these conditions hold, then they also hold for $n = \infty$.

Pf. (1) \Leftrightarrow (2) \Leftrightarrow (3) follow readily from the identities

$$\{\tau > n\}^c = \{\tau \leq n\} = \bigcup_{k=0}^n \{\tau = k\}, \quad \{\tau = n\} = \{\tau \leq n\} \setminus \{\tau \leq n-1\}$$

Now, if τ is a stopping time, then

$$\{\tau < \infty\} = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \{\tau \leq n\} \in \mathcal{F}_\infty.$$

$$\therefore \{\tau = \infty\} = \{\tau < \infty\}^c \in \mathcal{F}_\infty.$$

Clearly $\{\tau \leq \infty\} = \Omega \in \mathcal{F}_\infty$ and $\{\tau > \infty\} = \emptyset \in \mathcal{F}_\infty$. ///

Ex. we saw the first hitting time of an adapted process is a stopping time.
 How about the second hitting time? The billionth?

Lemma: If $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ is an adapted process in (S, \mathcal{B}) , $B \in \mathcal{B}$, and σ is a stopping time, then $\tau = \inf \{n > \sigma : X_n \in B\}$ is a stopping time.

Pf. $\{\tau = n\} = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{\infty\}} \{\tau = n, \sigma = k\}$ if $\sigma = n, \therefore \sigma < n$.

$$= \bigcup_{k=0}^{n-1} \{\tau = n, \sigma = k\} = \bigcup_{k=0}^{n-1} \underbrace{\{\sigma = k\}}_{\in \mathcal{F}_k} \cap \underbrace{\{X_{k+1} \in B^c\}}_{\in \mathcal{F}_{k+1}} \cap \underbrace{\{X_{k+2} \in B^c\}}_{\in \mathcal{F}_{k+2}} \cap \dots \cap \underbrace{\{X_{n-1} \in B^c\}}_{\in \mathcal{F}_{n-1}} \cap \underbrace{\{X_n \in B\}}_{\in \mathcal{F}_n} //$$

We can combine stopping times to make new ones.

Lemma: If $\sigma, \tau, \{\tau_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ are stopping times, then

1. $\sigma \wedge \tau, \sigma \vee \tau, \sigma + \tau$ are stopping times.

2. If $\{\tau_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ is monotone, then $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \tau_k$ is a stopping time.

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Pf. 1. $\{\sigma \wedge \tau \leq n\} = \{\sigma \leq n\} \cup \{\tau \leq n\} \in \mathcal{F}_n$. $\{\sigma \vee \tau \leq n\} = \{\sigma \leq n\} \cap \{\tau \leq n\} \in \mathcal{F}_n$.

$$\{\sigma + \tau = n\} = \bigcup_k \{\sigma + \tau = n, \sigma = k\} = \bigcup_{k=0}^n \underbrace{\{\sigma = k\}}_{\mathcal{F}_k \subset \mathcal{F}_n} \cap \underbrace{\{\tau = n - k\}}_{\mathcal{F}_{n-k} \subset \mathcal{F}_n} \in \mathcal{F}_n.$$

2. Suppose $\tau_k \uparrow \tau_{\infty}$. We already know τ_{∞} is measurable.

$$\{\tau_{\infty} \leq n\} \text{ iff } \tau_k \leq n \quad \forall k.$$

$$= \bigcap_{k=1}^{\infty} \{\tau_k \leq n\} \in \mathcal{F}_n.$$

The argument for $\tau_k \downarrow \tau_{\infty}$ is similar //

Cor: If $\{\tau_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ are stopping times, then so are

$$\sup_k \tau_k = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \max\{\tau_1, \dots, \tau_k\} \quad \inf_k \tau_k = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \min\{\tau_1, \dots, \tau_k\}.$$

$$\limsup_k \tau_k = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{n \geq k} \tau_n \quad \liminf_k \tau_k = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{n \geq k} \tau_n \quad //$$