Generators and (Uniform) Continuity

Given Marker transition operators (Qt) to an B(SB), the generator (should it exist) is the linear operator A on B(SB)

If at is differentiable @ t=0, it must be continuous @ 0 There are many possible notions of continuity we could demand The strongest one, operator norm continuity, will lead to the nicest results.

Def Given a normed space (B, 11 11) = (1B(SB), 11-11co)

and a linear operator A: B > B, its

operator norm 11 Allop is defined to be

 $\|A\|_{op} := \sup_{f \neq O} \|Af\| = \sup_{n \neq n} |Af| = nAf| = nA(f-g)|$ If II Allop < 00, A is bounded. / SllAllop II f-gll A Lipschitz.

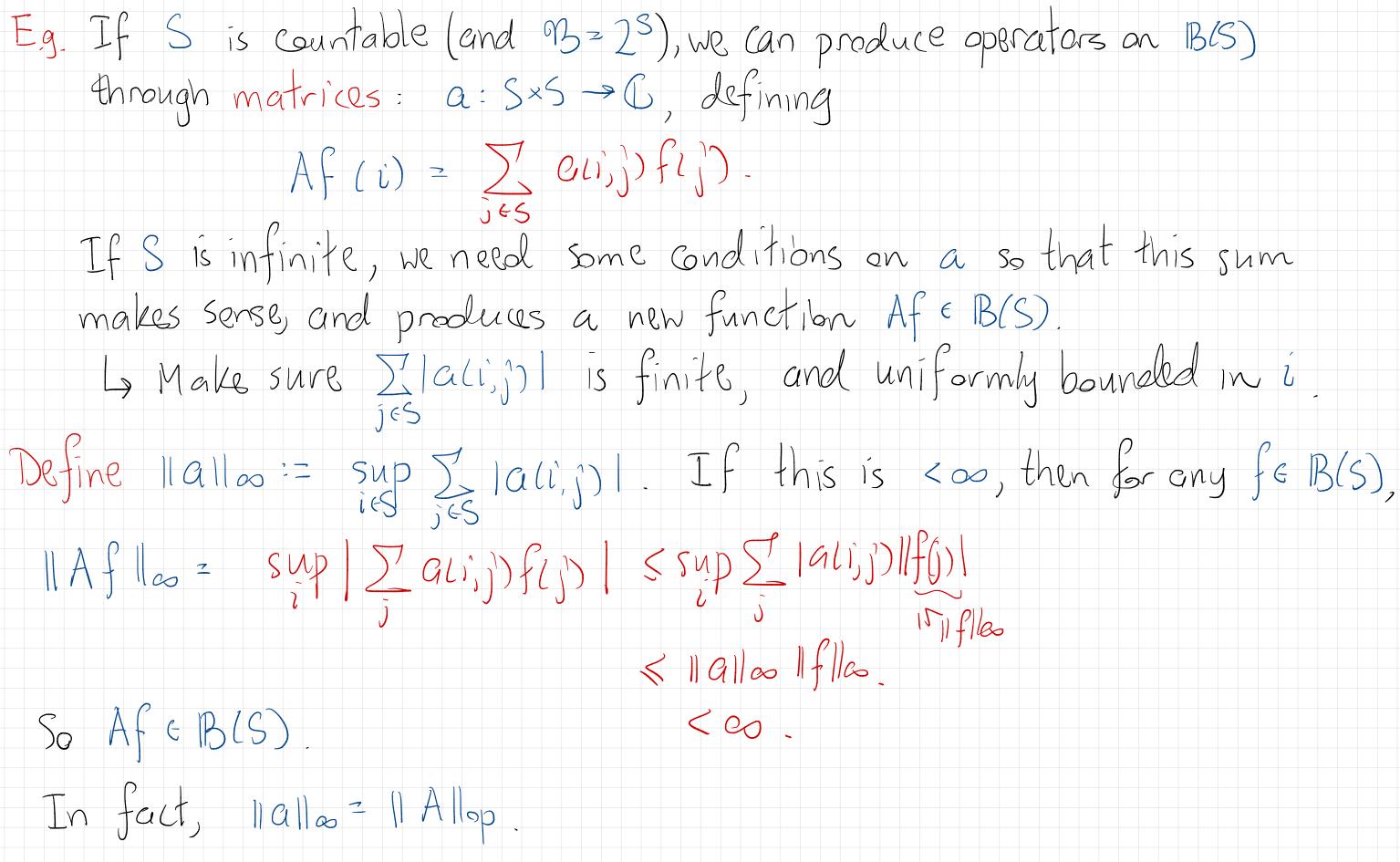
 $Af = \frac{1}{4t} Q_t f |_{t=0^+} = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{Q_t f}{t} \int_t Q_t dt A$

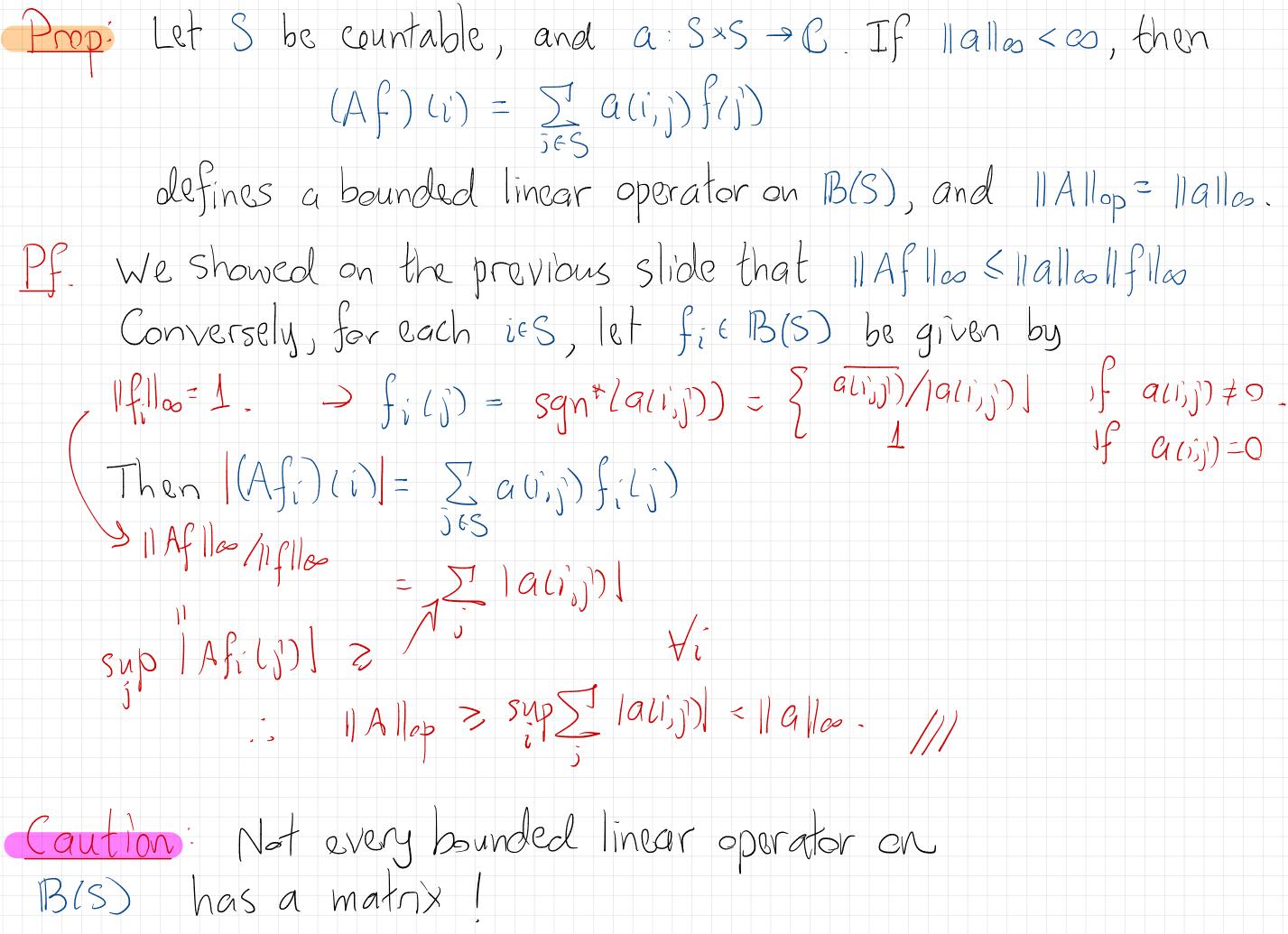
Lemma: If A, B are bounded linear operators. Then the composition AB is also bounded, and IABllop < IAllop IBllop. $\begin{array}{c} Pf. \ If \ f \neq o, \ \ \underline{IIABfII} = \\ 1|f|I \\ 1|f|I \\ 1|SfII \\ 1|SfII \\ 1|f|I \\ 1|SfII \\ 1|f|I \\$

 $: \sup_{f \neq 0} ||ABf|| = \sup_{f \neq 0} \left(||ABf|| \cdot ||Bf|| \right) \leq \sup_{f \neq 0} ||A(Bf)|| \cdot \sup_{f \neq 0} ||Bf|| = ||B||_{p}.$

Cor: If A is bounded, so is A, and |Anllop < |Allop. Moreover, etA = 27 th An converges to a bounded operator, and 11 etA 11 op < e Hill Allop

If IAnlop S IAllop by induction on the Lemma (BIS, B), II lla) is a Banach space, so the second claims follows from the Weierstrass M-test: 2 || 5 millop S 2 Him || Amillop = e HillAllop < 00 /// n=0 /// n=0 ///





Theorem: Let (Q2)220 be Markey transition operators over (5,3) Suppose that is operator norm Continuous @ b=0: Then $t \rightarrow Q_t$ is operator norm differentiable on (Q_{Q_0}) . Let $A := \frac{1}{2t}Q_t|_{t=0^+} = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{1}{t}[Q_t - I]$. Then $\|A\|_{op} < \infty$, and $Q_t = e^{tA} := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{t^n}{n!} A^n$ In particular, QE satisfies the Kolmegorov forward and backward ODEs: $\frac{d}{dt}Q_t = Q_tA = AQ_t, Q_0 = I.$ 1. Using power-series methods, it's standard to check et is the unique sol'n Remarks: 2. Without opnorm Continuity, A might still exist, but may be unbounded / map into unbounded functions.

