Math 188, Spring 2021

Homework 9

Due: June 4, 2021 11:59PM via Gradescope

**Reminder**: Final draft of your project is due June 11. The optional presentation is also due June 11. If you want your HW score to be used for the presentation, submit a single sheet that says: "Use HW score". Otherwise, submit a Google drive link so that I can download the video.

Solutions must be **clearly** presented. Incoherent or unclear solutions will lose points.

- (1) Let  $G_n$  be the graph from HW6 #1. Describe all of the elements of  $\operatorname{Aut}(G_n)$  (a complete solution includes why all of the elements you described are actually distinct). You may use without proof that  $|\operatorname{Aut}(G_n)| = 2^n n!$ .
- (2) Do the case of general n of Example 7.11, i.e., give a formula for the number of necklaces (considered equivalent up to reflection) of length n using an alphabet of size k.
- (3) Consider assigning one of k colors to each of the entries of a  $3 \times 3$  matrix.
  - (a) How many ways are there to do this if we consider two colorings the same if they differ by rotation?
  - (b) How many ways are there to do this if we consider two colorings the same if they differ by a combination of rotations or reflections?
  - (c) In both cases, how many colorings (up to equivalence) are there that use 3 different colors, each used to color 3 entries?
- (4) In Theorem 7.9, take X = [n], Y = [d], and  $G = \mathfrak{S}_n$  with the natural action on X.
  - (a) Find a bijection between G-orbits on  $Y^X$  and weak compositions; give a closed formula for their number using this interpretation.
  - (b) By varying d, explain how the equality between the expression in Theorem 7.9 and your answer to (a) gives a new proof for Corollary 3.30.
- (5) Let p be a prime and  $n \ge p$ . Use the method of §7.4 for the following:

(a) Show that

$$S(n,k) \equiv S(n-p,k-p) + S(n-p+1,k) \pmod{p}.$$

(b) Show that

$$c(n,k) \equiv c(n-p,k-p) - c(n-p,k-1) \pmod{p}.$$