

Math 184A, Fall 2018

Homework 3

Due: Friday, Oct. 19 by 3:30PM in basement of AP&M

Some hints are given on the next page.

(1) Find the number of compositions of 56 into even pieces (i.e., compositions  $(a_1, \dots, a_k)$  of 56 so that each  $a_i$  is even, and here  $k$  is allowed to vary).

(2) Find a simple formula for  $S(n, n-2)$ , i.e., the number of partitions of  $[n]$  into  $n-2$  blocks (assume that  $n \geq 3$ ).

(3) Let  $F(n)$  be the number of all partitions of  $[n]$  such that every block has size  $\geq 2$ . Prove that

$$B(n) = F(n) + F(n+1),$$

where  $B(n)$  is the  $n$ th Bell number.

(4) In class, we showed that the number of compositions of  $n$  is  $2^{n-1}$ . Find a bijection between the set of compositions of  $n$  and the set of subsets of  $[n-1]$ . In proving correctness of this bijection, you should not need to use the fact that these sets have size  $2^{n-1}$ .

(5) Fix an integer  $n \geq 2$ . Call a composition  $(a_1, \dots, a_k)$  of  $n$  **doubly even** if the number of  $a_i$  which are even is also even (i.e., there could be no even  $a_i$ , or 2 of them, or 4, or ...).

Show that the number of doubly even compositions of  $n$  is  $2^{n-2}$ .

For example, if  $n = 4$ , then here are the 4 doubly even compositions of 4:

$$(2, 2), \quad (3, 1), \quad (1, 3), \quad (1, 1, 1, 1).$$

**Hints**

(4) Partial sums

(5) Given a composition  $\alpha = (a_1, \dots, a_k)$ , define another composition  $\Phi(\alpha)$  by

$$\Phi(\alpha) = \begin{cases} (1, a_1 - 1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_k) & \text{if } a_1 > 1 \\ (a_2 + 1, a_3, \dots, a_k) & \text{if } a_1 = 1 \end{cases}.$$

(in both cases, we didn't do anything to  $a_3, \dots, a_k$ ). Show that  $\Phi$  defines a bijection between the set of doubly even compositions of  $n$  and the set of compositions of  $n$  which are not doubly even.