

# Linear Gaps Between Degrees for the Polynomial Calculus Modulo Distinct Primes

## Abstract<sup>1</sup>

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Two important algebraic proof systems are the Nullstellensatz system [1] and the polynomial calculus [2] (also called the Gröbner system). The Nullstellensatz system is a propositional proof system based on Hilbert's Nullstellensatz, and the polynomial calculus (PC) is a proof system which allows derivations of polynomials, over some field. The *complexity* of a proof in these systems is measured in terms of the degree of the polynomials used in the proof.

The mod  $p$  counting principle can be formulated as a set  $MOD_p^n$  of constant-degree polynomials expressing the negation of the counting principle. The Tseitin mod  $p$  principles,  $TS_n(p)$ , are translations of the  $MOD_p^n$  into the Fourier basis [3].

The present paper gives linear lower bounds on the degree of polynomial calculus refutations of  $MOD_p^n$  over fields of characteristic  $q \neq p$  and over rings  $Z_q$  with  $q, p$  relatively prime. These are the first linear lower bounds for the polynomial calculus. As it is well-known to be easy to give constant degree polynomial calculus (and even Nullstellensatz) refutations of the  $MOD_p^n$  polynomials

over  $F_p$ , our results imply that the  $MOD_p^n$  polynomials have a linear gap between proof complexity for the polynomial calculus over  $F_p$  and over  $F_q$ . We also obtain a linear gap for the polynomial calculus over rings  $Z_p$  and  $Z_q$  where  $p, q$  do not have identical prime factors.

**Theorem 1** *Let  $F$  be a field of characteristic  $q$ , and let  $G_n$  be an  $r$ -regular graph with expansion  $\epsilon$ . Then, for all  $d < \epsilon n/8$ , there is no degree  $d$  PC refutation of  $TS_n(p)$  over  $F$ .*

**Theorem 2** *Let  $q \geq 2$  be a prime such that  $q \nmid p$  and let  $F$  be a field of characteristic  $q$ . Any PC-refutation of the  $MOD_p^n$  polynomials requires degree  $> \delta n$ , for some constant  $\delta > 0$ .*

## References

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