

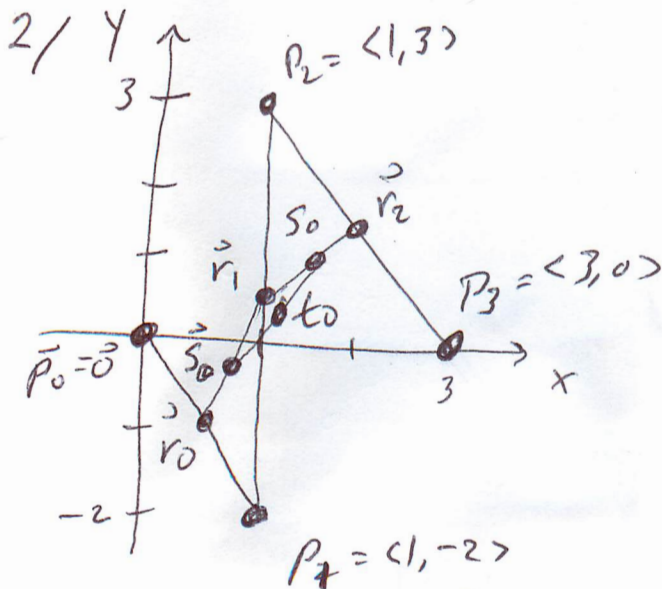
Homework #7 - Answers - 155A - Winter 2019

1/ The four control points for $\vec{g}(u)$ are:

$$P_0 = 0 \quad P_1 = 2 \quad P_2 = 10 \quad P_3 = 8$$

The convex hull of the control points is $[0, 10]$.

An upper bound for $\vec{g}(u)$, $u \in [0, 1]$ is $\boxed{10}$.



$$\vec{r}_0 = \langle \frac{1}{2}, -1 \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_1 = \langle 1, \frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

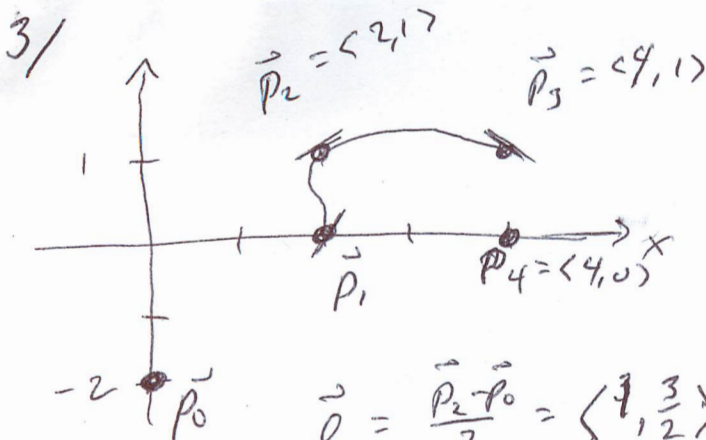
$$\vec{r}_2 = \langle 2, \frac{3}{2} \rangle$$

$$\vec{s}_0 = \langle \frac{3}{4}, \frac{-1}{4} \rangle$$

$$\vec{s}_1 = \langle \frac{3}{2}, 1 \rangle$$

$$\vec{t}_0 = \langle \frac{9}{8}, \frac{3}{8} \rangle$$

Second half has control points: $\vec{t}_0, \vec{s}_1, \vec{r}_2, \vec{P}_3$



Starts at \vec{P}_1

Ends at \vec{P}_3

Slope at \vec{P}_1 is $3/2$

Slope at \vec{P}_2 is $1/2$

Slope at \vec{P}_3 is $-1/2$

$$\vec{l}_1 = \frac{\vec{P}_2 - \vec{P}_0}{2} = \langle 1, \frac{3}{2} \rangle$$

$$\vec{l}_2 = \frac{\vec{P}_3 - \vec{P}_1}{2} = \langle 1, \frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

$$\vec{P}_1^+ = \vec{P}_1 + \frac{1}{3} \vec{l}_1 = \langle \frac{7}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

$$\vec{P}_2^- = \vec{P}_2 - \frac{1}{3} \vec{l}_2 = \langle \frac{5}{3}, \frac{5}{6} \rangle$$

Control points are: $\vec{P}_1, \vec{P}_1^+, \vec{P}_2^-, \vec{P}_3$