

1. Given a complex number a and a positive real number $\rho > 0$. Show that the equation

$$|z|^2 - 2 \operatorname{Re}(\bar{a}z) + |a|^2 = \rho^2$$

represents a circle centered at a with radius ρ .

[Hint: The set of points a distance ρ from a satisfy the equation $|z - a| = \rho$.]

2. Given a fixed $a \in \mathbb{C}$. Show that $\frac{|z - a|}{|1 - \bar{a}z|} = 1$ if $|z| = 1$ and $1 - \bar{a}z \neq 0$

3. Consider the polynomial $p(z) = z^3 + z^2 + z + 1$

- (a) Verify that i is a zero of p .
 (b) Find the other two zeros of p .

4. For which integers n is i an n^{th} root of unity?

5. Let n be an integer with $n \geq 1$.

(a) Show that $1 + z + z^2 + \cdots + z^n = \frac{1 - z^{n+1}}{1 - z}$.

(b) Show that $1 + \cos(\theta) + \cos(2\theta) + \cdots + \cos(n\theta) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sin[(n + \frac{1}{2})\theta]}{2 \sin(\frac{\theta}{2})}$.

6. Show that

$$\frac{(1 + i \tan(\theta))^n}{(1 - i \tan(\theta))^n} = \frac{1 + i \tan(n\theta)}{1 - i \tan(n\theta)}$$

for every integer n .

7. Find the six distinct sixth roots of $z = -64$.

8. Given a complex number $z \in \mathbb{C}$ and the point P on the unit sphere $S \in \mathbb{R}^3$ corresponding to z under stereographic projection. Show that the antipodal point $-P$ corresponds to $-\frac{1}{\bar{z}}$ under stereographic projection.

9. Show that a rotation of the unit sphere S by π about the X -axis in \mathbb{R}^3 corresponds to the inversion $z \mapsto \frac{1}{\bar{z}}$ of the complex plane \mathbb{C} under stereographic projection.

[Hint: First verify that rotation of the unit sphere S by π about the X -axis in \mathbb{R}^3 is represented by $(X, Y, Z) \mapsto (X, -Y, -Z)$.]

10. For each of the following set of points on the unit sphere S in \mathbb{R}^3 , find an equation that determines the set of corresponding points in the complex plane \mathbb{C} under stereographic projection and describe that set geometrically.

(a) $\{(X, Y, Z) \in S \mid X^2 + Y^2 = 1\}$.

(b) $\{(X, Y, Z) \in S \mid X^2 + Z^2 = 1\}$.

(c) $\{(X, Y, Z) \in S \mid Y^2 + Z^2 = 1\}$.