Math 20E Homework Assignment 4 Due Tuesday, November 7, 2023

- 1. Evaluate $\int_{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$, where $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = (-x y, x^2)$ and \mathbf{c} is the path along the unit circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ beginning at (1, 0) and ending at (0, 1).
- 2. Evaluate the line integral $\int_{\mathbf{c}} yz \, dx + xz \, dy + xy \, dz$, where **c** consists of the straight-line segments joining (1,0,0) to (0,1,0) to (0,0,1).
- 3. Evaluate the line integral $\int_C (y^2 + 2xz) dx + (2xy + z^2) dy + (2yz + x^2) dz$, where C is an oriented simple curve from (1, 1, 1) to (0, 2, 3).
- 4. Let S be the surface parametrized by

$$x = \cos(u)\sin(v)$$
 $y = \sin(u)\sin(v)$ $z = \cos(v)$

for $u \in [0, 2\pi]$ and $v \in [0, \pi]$.

- (a) Find an expression for a unit vector normal to S at the image of a point $(u, v) \in [0, 2\pi] \times [0, \pi].$
- (b) Identify the surface S.
- 5. Let S be the surface determined by the equation $x^3 + 3xy + z^2 = 2$, with $z \ge 0$.
 - (a) Find a parametrization $\Phi: D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2 \to S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$.
 - (b) Find an equation for the tangent plane to S at the point (1, 1/3, 0).
- 6. The image S of the parametrization

$$\Phi: [-\pi, \pi] \times [0, \pi] \to S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$$
$$\Phi(u, v) = (a\cos(u)\sin(v), \ b\sin(u)\sin(v), \ c\cos(v))$$

is an ellipsoid.

- (a) Find an equation for the ellipsoid S by evaluating the expression $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^2$.
- (b) Show that Φ is not regular when v = 0 or $v = \pi$.
- (c) Show that the image surface S is regular at all points of S.
- 7. Find the area of the unit sphere S parametrized by

$$\Phi : [0, 2\pi] \times [0, \pi] \to S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$$
$$\Phi(\theta, \phi) = (\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi), \ \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi), \ \cos(\phi))$$

- 8. Find the area of the portion of the unit sphere that is inside the mouth of the cone $z \ge \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.
- 9. The cylinder x² + y² = x divides the unit sphere S into two regions S₁ and S₂, where S₁ is outside the cylinder and S₂ is inside the cylinder.
 Find the ratio A(S₁)/A(S₂) of the areas of S₁ and S₂.
- 10. Find the area of the surface S defined by x + y + z = 1, with $x^2 + 3y^2 \le 1$.