

MATH 103 FINAL FALL 2009

Please justify all your steps!

1. Calculate the order of  $(10, 12)$  in  $\mathbf{Z}_{12} \oplus \mathbf{Z}_{16}$ .
2. (a) Fix a positive integer  $n \in \mathbf{N}$ . Show that the map  $x \mapsto nx \pmod{10}$  is a homomorphism from  $\mathbf{Z}_{10}$  into itself.  
 (b) Determine those  $n$  for which the map in (a) is an isomorphism (*Hint*: You only need to consider  $0 \leq n < 10$ ).
3. (a) Is the following true: For every positive integer  $n \in \mathbf{N}$  there exists a group  $G$  of order  $n$ . Either give examples for all  $n$ , or produce an  $n$  for which there is no group with  $|G| = n$ .  
 (b) Every group of order  $p$ , with  $p$  a prime number, is abelian. Why or why not?  
 (c) Every group of order  $2p$ , with  $p$  a prime number, is abelian. Why or why not?  
 (d) There exists a group with 44 elements which contains an element of order 8. Why or why not?
4. Let  $G$  be the set of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices  $A$  with *integer* entries such that the determinant of  $A$  is equal to 1. Also recall the formula

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad - bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) Show that  $G$  is a group (you may assume that matrix multiplication is associative).
- (b) Fix  $n \in \mathbf{N}$ . Let  $H \subset G$  be the set of matrices  $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$  such that  $a \equiv d \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ , and  $c \equiv d \equiv 0 \pmod{n}$ . Show that  $H$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .
5. Let  $G = S_6$ , the group of all permutations of the integers 1 until 6. Let  $H$  be the subgroup of  $G$  of all permutations  $\sigma$  with  $\sigma(1) = 1$ . Moreover, let  $\pi = (132)$ .  
 (a) Show for the left coset  $\pi H$  that  $\pi H = \{\gamma \in S_n, \gamma(1) = 3\}$ .  
 (b) If  $\beta$  is an element in the *right* coset  $H\pi$ , what is  $\beta(2)$ ?  
 (c) Is  $H$  a normal subgroup of  $S_6$ ?
6. Let  $G = H \oplus K$  be the external direct product of the groups  $H$  and  $K$ . Consider the map  $\Phi : G \rightarrow H$  which maps  $(h, k)$  to  $h$ .  
 (a) Show that  $\Phi$  is a homomorphism.  
 (b) What is the kernel of  $\Phi$ ?
7. Let  $G = \mathbf{Z}_4 \oplus \mathbf{Z}_2$  and let  $a = (2, 1) \in G$ .  
 (a) What is the order of the factor group  $|G/\langle a \rangle|$ ?  
 (b) To which group is  $G/\langle a \rangle$  isomorphic?
8. Prove or disprove that  $U(8)$  is isomorphic to  $U(5)$ .