

MATH 20C
WINTER 2020
SECTION D00 (MANNERS)

HOMEWORK – WEEK 6

Due by 2359 (11:59 PM) on Sunday February 16. Hand in via Gradescope.

For problem 0, credit is awarded for any honest response, not for the amount of work undertaken.

For problems 1, 2 and 3, you *must* give a fully written-out solution showing all your working and justification. Stating the correct answer, by itself, will earn no credit.

0. Do the following textbook problems. *Do not turn them in*, but provide a list here of those for which you wrote down solutions.

§2.5: 3, 7, 13, 33

§2.6: 1, 7, 12

(1 points)

1. There are two functions $f_1: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $f_2: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. I know very little about them, except that

$$f_1(1, 2, 3) = 4$$

$$f_2(1, 2, 3) = 7$$

$$\nabla f_1(1, 2, 3) = (-1, 1, 2)$$

$$\nabla f_2(1, 2, 3) = (3, 2, 1).$$

I define $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ by $f(x, y, z) = (f_1(x, y, z), f_2(x, y, z))$. Also, $g: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ is the function $g(a, b) = (a + b^2, ab)$.

- (a) Let $h(x, y, z) = f_1(x, y, z)f_2(x, y, z)$ (the product). Compute $\nabla h(1, 2, 3)$.
- (b) Write down the derivative matrix $Df(1, 2, 3)$, and compute the derivative matrix $Dg(a_0, b_0)$ at a general point $(a_0, b_0) \in \mathbb{R}^2$.
- (c) Let $F(x, y, z) = g(f(x, y, z))$. Compute the derivative matrix $DF(1, 2, 3)$.

(6 points)

2. Let $f(x, y) = x^2 + 2y^2$. Consider the level set $C = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2: f(x, y) = 3\}$.

(a) Sketch C .

(b) Compute $\nabla f(1, 1)$, and the equation of the tangent line to C at the point $(1, 1)$.

(6 points)

3. Find the tangent plane to the surface $x^2 + 2y^2 + 3xz = 10$ at the point $(1, 2, 1/3)$.

(6 points)