

MATH 202A
APPLIED ALGEBRA I
FALL 2019

HOMEWORK WEEK 9

Due by the beginning of class on Monday 2nd December (hand in via Gradescope).

1. Let V, W be finite-dimensional vector spaces. Prove that the map

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}(V, W) &\rightarrow \mathcal{L}(W, V)^* \\ \phi &\mapsto (\psi \mapsto \text{tr}(\phi \circ \psi) = \text{tr}(\psi \circ \phi)) \end{aligned}$$

is an isomorphism.

[So, a matrix norm on $\mathcal{L}(V, W)$ has a corresponding dual norm on $\mathcal{L}(W, V)$, etc..]

2. Consider $V = \mathbb{C}^n, W = \mathbb{C}^m$. For a linear map $\phi: V \rightarrow W$ represented by an $m \times n$ matrix A , prove that:—

- (a) $\|\phi\|_{\ell^1 \rightarrow \ell^1} = \max_{j=1}^n \sum_{i=1}^m |A_{ij}|$;
- (b) $\|\phi\|_{\ell^\infty \rightarrow \ell^\infty} = \max_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n |A_{ij}|$;
- (c) $\|\phi\|_{\ell^1 \rightarrow \ell^\infty} = \|A\|_{v, \infty}$;
- (d) $\|\phi\|_{\ell^\infty \rightarrow \ell^1} = \|A\|_{v, 1}$.

3. Let U, V, W be inner product spaces, and let $\phi \in \mathcal{L}(U, V)$. Define

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi: \mathcal{L}(V, W) &\rightarrow \mathcal{L}(U, W) \\ \psi &\mapsto \psi \circ \phi. \end{aligned}$$

Prove that the operator norm $\|\Phi\|_{\text{Frob}(\mathcal{L}(V, W)) \rightarrow \text{Frob}(\mathcal{L}(U, W))}$ with respect to the Frobenius norms on $\mathcal{L}(V, W)$ and $\mathcal{L}(U, W)$, is exactly the operator norm $\|\phi\|_{U \rightarrow V}$.

4. Let V be a finite-dimensional inner product space.

- (a) Prove that if $\phi, \psi \in \mathcal{L}(V, V)$ are both self-adjoint then $\langle \phi, \psi \rangle_{\text{Frob}}$ is real.

Given $v \in V$, let $\theta_v \in \mathcal{L}(V, V)$ denote the linear map $u \mapsto \langle u, v \rangle v$. Consider the subset $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{L}(V, V)$ given by

$$\mathcal{C} = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^m a_i \theta_{v_i} : m \geq 0, v_1, \dots, v_m \in V, a_1, \dots, a_m \geq 0 \right\};$$

i.e., the set of non-negative sums of elements θ_v .

- (b) Let $\phi \in \mathcal{L}(V, V)$ be self-adjoint. Prove that the following are equivalent:—

- (i) ϕ is non-negative definite;
- (ii) $\phi \in \mathcal{C}$;
- (iii) for all $\psi \in \mathcal{C}$ we have $\langle \phi, \psi \rangle_{\text{Frob}} \geq 0$.

[If you wish, you can say that “the non-negative definite cone \mathcal{C} is self-dual”.]