

- PRINT NAME _____
- Write version on your blue book and
hand in this exam inside your blue book.
- Put your name, ID number, and section number (or time) on your blue book.
- You may have ONE 2-sided page of notes. NO CALCULATORS are allowed.
- You may leave square roots in your answers, but NO trig functions.
- **You must show your work to receive credit.**

VERSION B

1. (12 points) In this problem,

- \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} are vectors in \mathbb{R}^2 (the plane),
- \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} are vectors in \mathbb{R}^3 (space) and
- s is a scalar.

For each of the following, decide if it makes sense and:

- if it makes sense, describe the answer, for example, “a vector in \mathbb{R}^3 ;”
- if it does not make sense, explain why, for example, “cannot cross product a vector and a scalar.”

(a) $\mathbf{a} + (\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c})$ (b) $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$ (c) $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$ (d) $\mathbf{a} \cdot (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w})$

2. (12 points) Let $\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$ be a vector in \mathbb{R}^2 .

- (a) Find a vector in \mathbb{R}^2 the same direction as \mathbf{a} that has length 3.
- (b) Find a nonzero vector in \mathbb{R}^2 that is perpendicular to \mathbf{a} .

3. (6 points) A triangle has vertices $A(1, 0, -1)$, $B(0, 3, -1)$ and $C(3, 0, 0)$. Find its area.

4. (5 points) Find an equation for the plane through the point $(2, -1, 1)$ and is perpendicular to the vector $\langle 1, 1, 2 \rangle$.

Do NOT leave vectors in your answer.

5. (5 points) Find the distance from the point $(1, 2, 3)$ to the plane whose equation is $(2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}) \cdot \mathbf{r} = 3$.
(As usual $\mathbf{r} = \langle x, y, z \rangle = x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$.)

END OF EXAM