## Math 100a Fall 2015 Homework 6

Due Wednesday 11/4/2015 by 5pm in HW box in basement of AP\&M

## Reading

All references are to Beachy and Blair, 3rd edition.
Read Sections 2.3 and Sections 3.6-3.7.

## Assigned Problems (write up full solutions and hand in):

Section $2.3 \# 3,5,10,13$
Section $3.6 \# 1(\mathrm{~b})(\mathrm{d}), 12,15(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{c}), 17,19,21$

## Problem not from the text (write up and hand in):

A. As we showed in class, the Dihedral group $D_{n}$ is naturally isomorphic to a subgroup $H$ of $S_{n}$. Namely, each motion determines a permutation by numbering the positions in the plane where the corners lie and tracking how the corners are moved around: if the motion moves the corner in position $i$ to position $j$, then the corresponding permutation sends $i$ to $j$.
(a). Find explicitly the 12 permutations in $H$ in case $n=6$. Show how you found them.
(b). Find the order of each element of $D_{6}$.

## Optional Problem:

B. A regular tetrahedron $T$ is a solid in 3 -space with four sides which are equilateral triangles. It has 4 vertices and 6 edges. Consider the group $G$ of rigid motions of $T$ that take place in

3 -space. These are the ways of rotating $T$ in 3 -space so that it occupies the same location in space afterwards. (reflections are not allowed because they would have to take place in 4 -space.) Show that $G$ is isomorphic to $A_{4}$, the alternating subgroup of $S_{4}$. (Hint: every rigid motion is determined by how the corners move around, just as we saw for dihedral groups.)

