

HOMEWORK 3

DUE 22 APRIL 2016

Part I.

1. Let R be a ring and $\{M_i\}_{i \in I}$ be a collection of R -modules.
 - (a) Show that direct sums and arbitrary direct products exist in the category of abelian groups.
 - (b) Show that $\bigoplus_{i \in I} M_i$ and $\prod_{i \in I} M_i$ as abelian groups inherit become R -module with $r \cdot (m_i)_{i \in I} = (r \cdot m_i)_{i \in I}$.
 - (c) Show that $\bigoplus_{i \in I} M_i$ is the direct sum in $R\text{-mod}$ of $\{M_i\}_{i \in I}$ and $\prod_{i \in I} M_i$ is the direct product in $R\text{-mod}$ of $\{M_i\}_{i \in I}$.
 - (d) Show that, for every R -module N ,

$$\text{Hom}_R \left(\bigoplus_{i \in I} M_i, N \right) \simeq \prod_{i \in I} \text{Hom}_R(M_i, N)$$

and

$$\text{Hom}_R \left(N, \prod_{i \in I} M_i \right) \simeq \prod_{i \in I} \text{Hom}_R(N, M_i).$$

- (e) Show that, for every R -module N ,

$$N \otimes_R \left(\bigoplus_{i \in I} M_i \right) \simeq \bigoplus_{i \in I} N \otimes_R M_i.$$

- (f) Does the tensor product also commute with direct products? Prove or give a counterexample.
- (g) Is the tensor product of two free R -modules also free as an R -module? Prove or give a counterexample.

2. Write down explicitly the isomorphism $\text{Hom}_R(M \otimes_R N, P) \longrightarrow \text{Hom}_R(M, \text{Hom}_R(N, P))$ and show that it is functorial, i.e. for each pair of R -module homomorphisms $f : M' \longrightarrow M$ and $g : P \longrightarrow P'$, and for any R -module N the following diagram is commutative:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Hom}_R(M \otimes_R N, P) & \xrightarrow{\approx} & \text{Hom}_R(M, \text{Hom}_R(N, P)) \\ \downarrow g \circ (-) \circ (f \otimes 1_N) & & \downarrow g_* \circ (-) \circ f \\ \text{Hom}_R(M' \otimes_R N, P') & \xrightarrow{\approx} & \text{Hom}_R(M', \text{Hom}_R(N, P')) \end{array}$$

where g_* is the pushforward of g .

Part II. From Atiyah-MacDonald

Chapter 2: 1, 2, 9, 11, 12

Chapter 3: 15